CENTER FOR SURVEY RESEARCH AT PENN STATE HARRISBURG



Report of Methods

Director's Questions

October 2020



Center for Survey Research

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	Ĺ
Data Analysis Notes1	
METHODOLOGY	2
Instrument Development)
Respondent Recruitment2)
Response Quality	5
Sample Representation	5
Data Collection	;
Data Preparation and Analysis Notes5	;
PROJECT STATISTICS)
Margin of Error	,
DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF SURVEY RESPONDENTS7	,
APPENDIX A – MAP AND LIST OF SURVEY REGIONS	
APPENDIX B – SURVEY INSTRUMENT)

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1. Final Responses by Age and Sex	4
Table 2. Final Responses by Region	4
Table 3. Demographic Profile of Respondents	7

INTRODUCTION

The Lion Poll is an omnibus survey conducted by the Center for Survey Research (CSR) at Penn State Harrisburg. A total of 1,001 self-administered web surveys were completed by adult Pennsylvanians between September 3 and October 23, 2020. The Lion Poll used a quota-based invitation system to produce a final dataset that is representative of Pennsylvania's population by region and, separately, by age/sex combined categories. Project activity was directed by Stephanie L. Wehnau, Director of the Center for Survey Research at Penn State Harrisburg.

The purpose of the Lion Poll is to provide timely and accurate data to agencies, organizations, and researchers with statewide interests and responsibilities. Sponsors of CSR's omnibus polls have used their results to track public policy issues; measure general attitudes, awareness, and knowledge of their organizations; and measure satisfaction with organizational services and performance.

Data Analysis Notes

The following notes should be taken into account when reviewing the final dataset:

- 1. Data are not weighted; however, the final dataset is representative of Pennsylvania's population by region and, separately, by age/sex combined categories.
- 2. Percentages may not total to 100% due to the exclusion of 'Don't know' responses.
- 3. See Appendix A of the report for a map and list of the Lion Poll regions.
- 4. See Appendix B for the Director questions and standard demographics that were used in data collection.

METHODOLOGY

Instrument Development

During August 2020, the CSR project team developed questions for use in data collectio

The instrument was programmed using Qualtrics web survey software. Qualtrics' online survey platform allows for complex question patterns and automatic skipping when appropriate to create a seamless flow from one question to the next for respondents.

Respondent Recruitment

CSR utilized Marketing Systems Group (MSG) of Horsham, Pennsylvania to recruit respondents who had previously signed up to participate in a variety of web survey panels in exchange for nominal compensation. These web survey panels were constructed utilizing a double opt-in recruitment technique. In a double opt-in system, the potential respondents provide their email address to indicate interest in participating in the panel. An automated email is then sent to the email address provided to ensure that the owner of the email address is aware of the intended use. Once the email owner confirms their interest in participating, the individual becomes part of the panel. After providing information on a wide variety of demographic topics to establish a panelist profile, the panelist is eligible to participate in future surveys. A double opt-in system guarantees that all respondents have provided explicit consent to be contacted for marketing and/or research purposes in compliance with all applicable federal laws.

MSG sent emails to potential respondents that included a customized link with a respondent identifier. This link took the potential respondent directly to the web survey programmed in CSR's Qualtrics account. Upon successful completion of the survey, CSR re-directed the respondent to the appropriate panel provider via a customized link that included the unique respondent identifier. As a result of this setup, only members of the CSR project team had access to the survey results and CSR never had access to any personally identifiable information of any of the survey respondents.

Response Quality

Regular panel maintenance was performed to ensure that high-quality respondents were being utilized in the Lion Poll. First, answers to demographic questions were periodically checked to make sure that they matched with the initial panel profile established by respondents. CSR also asked screening questions in such a way that the potential respondents did not know what characteristics were required for participation. Since panelists are paid for their participation, this decreases the chance of the respondent fabricating answers to gain access to the study. CSR also embedded attention check questions and straight-lining checks into the Lion Poll to confirm that the respondent was carefully reading and responding to questions. Straight-lining is when a respondent answers all questions in a series in the same way. To check for this, one item was included in a question series in two different ways: once with positive wording and once with negative wording. If a respondent is carefully reading the questions, they will answer these questions in contrasting ways. If a respondent participated in straight-lining or answered an attention check question incorrectly, their survey was immediately terminated, and their response was removed from the final dataset. In addition, CSR identifies these responses as "low-quality," and panelists are excluded from participation in future surveys after three low-quality responses. The final dataset was also checked for duplicate responses using key demographic indicators and open-ended question responses. Finally, CSR reviewed responses for other quality measures, such as survey duration (outlying surveys that were completed very quickly were removed), and applicability of open-ended responses to prevent automated (bot) responses from being included in the final dataset.

Sample Representation

Potential respondents were invited from the universe of all available panelists on the basis of the Pennsylvania county, age, and gender indicated in their panelist profile. These questions were also asked as screener questions at the beginning of the survey to guarantee that the respondent matched the expected profile. In order to ensure that the results of the Lion Poll were not biased toward any particular location, age, or sex, CSR programmed quotas into the Qualtrics web survey platform to guarantee that the final dataset would be representative of Pennsylvania's known population by region and, separately, by age/sex combined categories. Region quotas were developed by totaling Pennsylvania's population by county and then determining what proportion of the state's residents lived in the counties represented by each region. Tables 1 and 2 display the proportions of respondents in the final dataset by age/sex category and by region. The data source used to establish quotas was the July 1, 2019 State Population Estimates, U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. Since the final dataset was representative of Pennsylvania's population by age, sex, and region, weighting was not needed. For a map and list of the Lion Poll's regions by county, please see Appendix A.

	Interviewed	Census %
Male		
18-34 years	145	14.3%
35-64 years	233	23.8%
65 years and over	98	10.4%
Female		
18-34 years	143	13.8%
35-64 years	250	24.6%
65 years and over	132	13.2%

Table 1. Final Responses by Age and Sex

Table 2. Final Responses by Region

	Interviewed	Census %
Northern	73	7.3%
Central	94	9.4%
Northeast	163	16.3%
Southwest	200	20.0%
South Central	157	15.7%
Southeast	314	31.4%

It should be noted that respondents were not selected from the general population at random; rather, only respondents who opted to participate in a paid web survey panel were included in the sampling frame. In addition, as with all public opinion surveys, the results are representative only of those who chose to participate. As a result, certain biases exist that might prevent a direct comparison to Pennsylvania's general population. Namely, results may be biased against those who are less likely to participate in web survey panels (sample frame bias) or those panelists who chose not to participate in this survey (non-response bias). In addition, although respondents who do not have access to the internet at home are less likely to sign up for web survey panels, they are not excluded from participating, and may do so through the use of public internet access, mobile

phones, or internet at their place of employment. Finally, respondents received a small incentive to participate, although this is considered to be negligible in terms of overall survey bias.

To minimize these potential biases, key demographic responses were monitored and compared to Census data to ensure that the final sample was reflective of characteristics that are known to potentially bias responses. Rigorous efforts were employed to ensure that the characteristics of the respondents in the final dataset are representative of Pennsylvania's diverse population, despite the non-probability-based sampling method employed. Although the Lion Poll is considered to be a non-probability-based sampling method, the quotas utilized resulted in a final dataset that is representative of Pennsylvania's population by region, age, and sex.

Data Collection

Surveys were self-administered through Qualtrics Online Survey Platform. As mentioned previously, rigorous strategies were employed to ensure high-quality survey responses from trusted panelists. A 'soft launch' was performed where a working draft of the survey instrument was pre-tested with a small sample of respondents before full survey distribution began. The pre-test process ensured that the skipping patterns of the programmed survey instrument were functioning as intended. Pre-testing also increases the likelihood that the questions provide accurate data while decreasing the likelihood of collecting unusable data; therefore, it is an integral component of questionnaire design. The pre-test findings were reviewed, found to be error-free, and incorporated into the final dataset.

Survey responses were collected through CSR's Qualtrics web survey account between September 3 and October 23, 2020. Waves of survey invitations were sent by Marketing Systems Group to potential survey respondents based on the panelists' profile characteristics and the remaining region and age/sex quota needs. Respondents who indicated that they were at least 18 years of age and lived in Pennsylvania were deemed eligible to participate. Survey collection ended when CSR received 1,001 responses.

Data Preparation and Analysis Notes

All survey data were recorded in Qualtrics and stored on a secure server that required two-factor authentication for access. Data were then extracted from Qualtrics into Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) software to process and document the dataset. Blank records were removed, and data were verified for accuracy of variable coding by running frequency distributions to check for out-of-range values. All final data were reviewed by the senior staff of the Institute of State and Regional Affairs. A final survey dataset was created in SPSS for Windows version 26.0.

The following notes should be taken into account when reviewing the final dataset:

- 1. Data are not weighted; however, the final dataset is representative of Pennsylvania's population by region and, separately, by age/sex combined categories.
- 2. Percentages may not total to 100% due to the exclusion of 'Don't know' responses.
- 3. See Appendix A of the report for a map and list of the Lion Poll regions.
- 4. See Appendix B for the Director questions and standard demographics that were used in data collection.

PROJECT STATISTICS

The final dataset includes responses from 1,001 adult Pennsylvania residents. The average length of a completed survey was approximately 16 minutes. A total of 67,919 different panelists were invited to participate in the survey during data collection. The survey's participation rate was calculated using the American Association of Public Opinion Research's Response Rate 3 (RR3) formula. RR3 is obtained by dividing the number of completed interviews by the sum of the numbers of completed interviews, participation rate was calculated using the number of completed interviews, refusals, and non-contacts. The participation rate is then adjusted by estimating the proportion of cases of unknown eligibility based on the known proportion of eligible cases of all cases for which eligibility was determined. This is a conservative estimate that ultimately underestimates the true participation rate. AAPOR sets an industry standard for consistent reporting among survey researchers. For more information, see AAPOR's "Standard Definitions report" at http://www.aapor.org/Standards-Ethics/Standard-Definitions-(1).aspx.

The final survey participation rate was 3.0%. It should be noted that this rate estimates for eligibility based on eligibility screening criteria (i.e., age and geography) and the utilization of quotas. The rate does not estimate eligibility based on the validity of the respondent's email address; therefore, the functional participation rate is much higher than the reported rate. The participation rate is largely influenced by the quotas employed to ensure that the final dataset is representative of Pennsylvanians by age and sex category and, separately, by region. The reduced need for weighting

ultimately improves the precision of the survey estimates, and participation rate is considered to be less relevant in assessing the quality of web panel surveys.

Margin of Error

The margin of error for this survey is +/-3.0 percentage points with the conventional 95% degree of desired confidence. This means that in a sample of 1,000 respondents where the distribution of responses is within the vicinity of 50%, there is a 95% chance that if the survey were repeated, the results would not differ from the survey findings by more than 3.0 percentage points. A more extreme distribution of question responses has a smaller error range. Suppose that 80% of the respondents answer "Yes" and 20% answer "No;" then the sampling error in this case is 2.4 percentage points. That is, each percentage has a sampling error of +/-2.4 percentage points.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF SURVEY RESPONDENTS

The following table displays the frequencies and percentages of survey respondents by key demographic characteristics.

		Number	Percent
Gen	der		
	Male	476	47.6%
	Female	525	52.4%
Age	Category		
	18-34 years	288	28.8%
	35-64 years	483	48.3%
	65 years of age or older	230	23.0%
Rac	e/Ethnicity		
	Hispanic	41	4.1%
	White, non-Hispanic	859	86.0%
	Black - African American, non-Hispanic	60	6.0%
	Some other race (includes 2+ races), non-Hispanic	39	3.9%
Mar	ital Status		
	Single / Never married	261	26.1%
	Married / Living with partner	572	57.2%
	Widowed / Divorced / Separated	167	16.7%

Table 3. Demographic Profile of Respondents¹

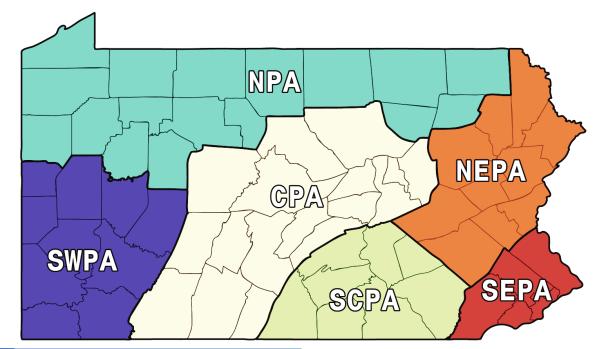
¹ Numbers may not add up to 1,001 due to rounding and the exclusion of "don't know" responses.

	Number	Percent
Educational Attainment		
High school diploma/GED or less	244	24.4%
Some college (including 2-year/technical degree)	336	33.6%
Four-year college degree	232	23.2%
Graduate work	188	18.8%
Household Income		
Less than \$30,000	235	24.4%
\$30,000 to \$59,999	280	29.0%
\$60,000 to \$99,999	244	25.3%
\$100,000 or more	205	21.3%
Region		
Northern	73	7.3%
Central	94	9.4%
Northeast	163	16.3%
Southwest	200	20.0%
South Central	157	15.7%
Southeast	314	31.4%
County Density		
Urban	738	73.7%
Rural	263	26.3%
Voter Registration		
Registered to vote	874	87.8%
Not registered to vote	121	12.2%
Political Affiliation		
Republican	339	34.1%
Democrat	404	40.6%
Other (inc. Independent, Libertarian, & No Affiliation)	252	25.3%
Political Ideology		
Conservative	326	34.4%
Moderate	339	35.7%
Liberal	284	29.9%
Child Status		
Minor children living in household	321	32.1%
No minor children living in household	680	67.9%
Household Size	M	ean
Total household size	2.	71
Number of adults living in household	2.	13
Number of minor children living in household		58

Table 3 (Continued). Demographic Profile of Respondents²

² Numbers may not add up to 1,001 due to rounding, as well as the exclusion of "don't know" responses.

APPENDIX A – MAP AND LIST OF SURVEY REGIONS



Northern	Central	Northeast	Southwest	South Central	Southeast
Bradford	Bedford	Berks	Allegheny	Adams	Bucks
Cameron	Blair	Carbon	Armstrong	Cumberland	Chester
Clarion	Cambria	Lackawanna	Beaver	Dauphin	Delaware
Crawford	Centre	Lehigh	Butler	Franklin	Montgomery
Elk	Clearfield	Luzerne	Fayette	Lancaster	Philadelphia
Erie	Clinton	Monroe	Greene	Lebanon	
Forest	Columbia	Northampton	Indiana	Perry	
Jefferson	Fulton	Pike	Lawrence	York	
McKean	Huntingdon	Schuylkill	Washington		
Mercer	Juniata	Wayne	Westmoreland		
Potter	Lycoming				·/
Sullivan	Mifflin				
Susquehanna	Montour				
Tioga	Northumberland				
Venango	Snyder				
Warren	Somerset				
Wyoming	Union				

Center for Survey Research Penn State Harrisburg

APPENDIX B – SURVEY INSTRUMENT

Intro.

You are invited to participate in a survey that is being conducted by the Center for Survey Research at Penn State Harrisburg.

Please click ">>" to tell us a bit about yourself.

State. In what state do you live?

 \bigcirc Connecticut (1)

 \bigcirc Delaware (2)

 \bigcirc Maryland (3)

O New Jersey (4)

 \bigcirc New York (5)

Ohio (6)

 \bigcirc Pennsylvania (7)

 \bigcirc Virginia (8)

 \bigcirc Some other state (9)

County. In what county do you live?

○ I do not live in Pennsylvania (777)

 \bigcirc I don't know what county I live in (888)

 \bigcirc List of Pennsylvania counties (1 \rightarrow 133, FIPS codes)

Zip. What is your zip code?

Gender. Which of the following best describes your gender?

O Male (1)

 \bigcirc Female (2)

Age. What is your age?

Programming Note: If the respondent lives in Pennsylvania, provides their county, provides a valid Pennsylvania zip code, and is 18 years of age or older, they proceed to the survey. Otherwise, they are not eligible.

Inform. Thank you for that information. You are eligible to participate in the survey. Please read the following information carefully and indicate whether you agree to participate in the survey below.

Your participation is voluntary, and the survey takes about 15 minutes. All of your answers will remain confidential. No one on the research team has access to your personal information. You have the right to end the survey at any time. If you have any questions about the survey, please feel free to contact the Center for Survey Research at PSUsurveys@psu.edu. Your voluntary participation indicates your consent to participate in this research. Are you willing to participate?

 \bigcirc Yes, I am willing to participate (1) \rightarrow Continue to survey

 \bigcirc No, I am not willing to participate (2) \rightarrow End survey

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9) \rightarrow End survey

Agree. Thank you for agreeing to participate! The first questions ask about the United States and Pennsylvania.

US_Dir. Generally speaking, would you say that things in the **United States** are going in the right direction, or going in the wrong direction?

\bigcirc Right direction (1)	
\bigcirc Wrong direction (2)	
O Don't know / not sure (9)	

PA_Dir. Now thinking about **Pennsylvania**, would you say that things are going in the right direction, or going in the wrong direction?

\bigcirc Right direction (1)
\bigcirc Wrong direction (2)
\bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Problem. In general, what is the biggest problem facing Pennsylvania today? Please be as specific as possible. Entering something that is not a real response will invalidate your survey.

Confidence. How much **confidence** do you have in each of the following levels of government to fix domestic problems? *Note: Rotate order of presentation of government levels.*

	Quite a lot (4)	Some (3)	Very little (2)	None at all (1)	Don't know / Not sure (9)
Federal government in Washington (Conf_Fed)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
Pennsylvania state government (Conf_State)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
Local government (Conf_Local)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc



Center for Survey Research Penn State Harrisburg **TrustMore.** Who do you trust **more** to fix Pennsylvania's problems? *Note: Rotate presentation of responses 1 and 2.*

O Pennsylvania state legislature (1)

 \bigcirc Governor Wolf (2)

 \bigcirc I do not trust either one more than the other (3)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Gun_Difficult. Do you think it is too easy to buy a gun in the U.S. today, too difficult to buy a gun in the U.S. today, or about right?

Too easy (1)
Too difficult (3)
About right (2)
Don't know / Not sure (9)

AttnChkGun. Rights related to gun ownership are typically defined in the Second Amendment of the U.S. Constitution. Please select Don't know to continue with the survey.

 \bigcirc Too easy (1)

 \bigcirc Too difficult (2)

 \bigcirc About right (3)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (4)

T_COVID. The next questions ask about the coronavirus, also known as COVID-19.

COVID_GENCONCERN. Are you very concerned, somewhat concerned, not very concerned, or not concerned at all about the spread of coronavirus to your community?

 \bigcirc Very concerned (4)

 \bigcirc Somewhat concerned (3)

 \bigcirc Not very concerned (2)

 \bigcirc Not concerned at all (1)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

COVID_ENOUGH_TRUMP. Do you think that President Trump is doing too much, just the right amount, or not enough to prevent the spread of coronavirus?

 \bigcirc Doing too much (1)

 \bigcirc Doing just the right amount (2)

 \bigcirc Not doing enough (3)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

COVID_ENOUGH_WOLF. Do you think that Governor Wolf is doing too much, just the right amount, or not enough to prevent the spread of coronavirus?

 \bigcirc Doing too much (1)

 \bigcirc Doing just the right amount (2)

 \bigcirc Not doing enough (3)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

COVID_REAL. Do you think the coronavirus is a real threat or blown out of proportion?

 \bigcirc A real threat (1)

 \bigcirc Blown out of proportion (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

COVID_THREAT. How much of a threat is the coronavirus outbreak for each of the following?

	Major threat (3)	Minor threat (2)	Not a threat (1)	Don't know / Not sure (9)
The U.S. economy (COVID_THREAT_USEcon)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
The health of the U.S. population as a whole (COVID_THREAT_USPop)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Day-to-day life in your community (COVID_THREAT_CommLife)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Your personal financial situation (COVID_THREAT_PersFin)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Your personal health (COVID_THREAT_PersHealth)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

A good Not very Not Don't A great amount much at all know / Not deal (4) (3) (2) (1) sure (9) President Trump (COVID_TRUST_Trump) \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc Vice President Pence (COVID_TRUST_Pence) \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc Governor Wolf (COVID TRUST Wolf) PA Secretary of Health Dr. Rachel Levine (COVID_TRUST_Levine) \bigcirc \bigcirc Federal government health agencies, such as the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) or the National Institutes for Health (NIH) \bigcirc \bigcirc (COVID TRUST FedHealthAgencies) State government health agencies, such as the PA Department of Health (COVID_TRUST_StateHealthAgencies) Medical providers, such as doctors and nurses (COVID TRUST Medical) \bigcirc Researchers who specialize in related topics, such as infectious disease experts and \bigcirc \bigcirc epidemiologists (COVID_TRUST_Researchers) The news media (e.g., cable news, network news, newspapers, etc.) () \bigcirc \bigcirc (COVID_TRUST_News) Local government officials or \bigcirc representatives (COVID TRUST LocalGov) \bigcirc Police organizations or officers (COVID TRUST Police) \bigcirc \bigcirc Friends and family (COVID_TRUST_FriendsFamily) \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc ()

COVID_TRUST. How much do you trust each of the following to give you information about the coronavirus?

COVID_INFO. Where do you get MOST of your information about the coronavirus?

 \bigcirc President Trump (1)

 \bigcirc Vice President Pence (2)

 \bigcirc Governor Wolf (3)

O PA Secretary of Health Dr. Rachel Levine (4)

○ Federal government health agencies, such as the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) or the National Institutes for Health (NIH) (5)

 \bigcirc State government health agencies, such as the PA Department of Health (6)

 \bigcirc Medical providers, such as doctors and nurses (7)

Researchers who specialize in related topics, such as infectious disease experts and epidemiologists (8)

 \bigcirc The news media (e.g., cable news, network news, newspapers, etc.) (9)

 \bigcirc Local government officials or representatives (10)

 \bigcirc Police organizations or officers (11)

 \bigcirc Friends and family (12)

Other, please specify: (88) _____

COVID_MENTALHEALTH. Do you feel that worry and/or stress related to coronavirus have had a negative impact on your mental health, or not?

Yes (1)No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Center for Survey Research Penn State Harrisburg

_ ,	Very worried (4)	Somewhat worried (3)	Not very worried (2)	Not worried at all (1)	Don't know / Not sure (9)
You or someone in your family will get sick from the coronavirus (COVID_WORRY_Family)	0	0	0	0	0
Your investments such as retirement or college savings will be negatively impacted by coronavirus (COVID_WORRY_Savings)	0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
You will lose income due to a workplace closure or reduced hours because of coronavirus (COVID_WORRY_WorkClosure)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
You will not be able to afford testing or treatment for coronavirus if you need it (COVID_WORRY_AffordTesting)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
You will put yourself at risk of exposure to coronavirus because you can't afford to stay home and miss work (COVID_WORRY_Exposure)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

COVID_WORRY. How worried, if at all, are you about each of the following?

	Yes (1)	No (2)	Don't know / Not sure (9)
Stocked up on food, supplies, or prescriptions (COVID_BEHAVIORS_Stocked)	0	0	0
Changed travel plans (COVID_BEHAVIORS_Travel)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Cancelled plans to avoid crowds (COVID_BEHAVIORS_Crowds)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Changed your work routine (COVID_BEHAVIORS_WorkRoutine)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Been let go at work (laid off) or had your work hours reduced (COVID_BEHAVIORS_WorkReduced)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Bought or worn a protective mask (COVID_BEHAVIORS_Mask)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Select don't know for this question (AttnChkCOVID)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Been unable to get certain items (Cleaning supplies or hand sanitizer / Groceries / Prescription medicines) (COVID_BEHAVIORS_Unable)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Tried to be tested for coronavirus but haven't been able to (COVID_BEHAVIORS_Tested)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Had to find alternative childcare outside of your home (COVID_BEHAVIORS_ChildcareOutside)	0	0	\bigcirc
Had to care for children at home (COVID_BEHAVIORS_ChildcareHome)	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

COVID_BEHAVIORS. Have you experienced any of the following because of coronavirus?

COVID_TEST_ANY. Do you know someone, personally, who has tested positive for coronavirus?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

COVID_TEST_SELF. Have you, yourself, been tested for coronavirus?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

 \bigcirc No, I have NOT tried to get tested (2)

 \bigcirc No, and I HAVE tried to get tested, but was not able to get tested (3)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Display This Question:

If Have you, yourself, been tested for coronavirus? = Yes

COVID_POSITIVE. Was your coronavirus test positive?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

O Don't know / Not sure / Have not gotten results back yet (9)

Display This Question:

If Have you, yourself, been tested for coronavirus? = No, I have NOT tried to get tested

COVID_TEST_REASON. Do you have any reason to believe that you should be tested for coronavirus (e.g., specific symptoms or exposure to a known coronavirus case)?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Center for Survey Research Penn State Harrisburg **COVID_VACCINE.** If and when a coronavirus vaccine becomes available, will you get vaccinated?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

COVID_VACCINE_RISK. Do you trust the CDC and public health authorities to judge the risks of vaccines?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

T_Homeland. The next question asks about homeland security.

Homeland. How would you define 'homeland security?' Specifically, think about what homeland security protects you from and how it affects your daily life.

Center for Survey Research Penn State Harrisburg 22

T_RaceCrime. The next questions ask about safety.

One question is randomly displayed from Crime_White, Crime_Black, and Crime_Latino.

Crime_White. Imagine that you are walking through a low-income, predominantly white neighborhood in an unfamiliar area after dark. How worried would you be that you might experience some sort of criminal victimization (i.e., assault, theft, rape, murder, etc.)?

 \bigcirc Extremely worried (5)

 \bigcirc Moderately worried (4)

 \bigcirc Somewhat worried (3)

 \bigcirc Slightly worried (2)

 \bigcirc Not worried at all (1)

 \bigcirc Not sure (9)

Reason_White. Why would you be \${Crime_White/ChoiceGroup/SelectedChoices} about walking through a low-income, predominantly white neighborhood in an unfamiliar area after dark?

Crime_Black. Imagine that you are walking through a low-income, predominantly black neighborhood in an unfamiliar area after dark. How worried would you be that you might experience some sort of criminal victimization (i.e., assault, theft, rape, murder, etc.)?

 \bigcirc Extremely worried (5)

 \bigcirc Moderately worried (4)

 \bigcirc Somewhat worried (3)

 \bigcirc Slightly worried (2)

 \bigcirc Not worried at all (1)

 \bigcirc Not sure (9)

Reason_Black. Why would you be \${Crime_Black/ChoiceGroup/SelectedChoices} about walking through a low-income, predominantly black neighborhood in an unfamiliar area after dark?

Crime_Latino. Imagine that you are walking through a low-income, predominantly Latino neighborhood in an unfamiliar area after dark. How worried would you be that you might experience some sort of criminal victimization (i.e., assault, theft, rape, murder, etc.)?

 \bigcirc Extremely worried (5)

 \bigcirc Moderately worried (4)

 \bigcirc Somewhat worried (3)

 \bigcirc Slightly worried (2)

 \bigcirc Not worried at all (1)

 \bigcirc Not sure (9)

Reason_Latino. Why would you be \${Crime_Latino/ChoiceGroup/SelectedChoices} about walking through a low-income, predominantly Latino neighborhood in an unfamiliar area after dark?

ArrestRace. Which racial/ethnic group do you believe is arrested for the largest portion of serious crime in the United States?

T_Dem. These last questions are for classification purposes only.

Veteran. Are you a military veteran?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

VoterReg. Are you currently registered to vote?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Display This Question:

If Are you currently registered to vote? = Yes

Vote How likely are you to vote in the general election this November?

Definitely will vote (2)
Probably will vote (1)
Might or might not vote (0)
Probably will not vote (-1)
Definitely will not vote (-2)
Don't know / Not sure (9)

Vote_Mail Did you know that registered Pennsylvania voters are able to vote by mail in the general election this November?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Display This Question:

If Are you currently registered to vote? = Yes

And How likely are you to vote in the general election this November? != Definitely will not vote

Vote_Method If you do vote, do you plan to vote by mail, in person, or are you not sure?

 \bigcirc I plan to vote by mail (1)

 \bigcirc I plan to vote in person (2)

 \bigcirc I'm not sure (9)

If "Yes" to VoterReg, ask Pol_Affil. **Pol_Affil.** What is your current **registered** party affiliation?

 \bigcirc Republican (1)

O Democrat (2)

O Independent / No affiliation (3)

O Constitution (4)

O Green (5)

O Libertarian (6)

 \bigcirc Other (7)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Pol_View. How would you best describe your political views?

 \bigcirc Very conservative (1)

 \bigcirc Somewhat conservative (2)

 \bigcirc Moderate (3)

 \bigcirc Somewhat liberal (4)

 \bigcirc Very liberal (5)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Ethnicity. Do you consider yourself to be Hispanic or Latino?

 \bigcirc Yes (1)

O No (2)

 \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Center for Survey Research Penn State Harrisburg **Race.** Which of the following best describe your race? You can select all that apply.

White (1)
Black or African American (2)
Asian (3)
American Indian or Alaska Native (4)
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (5)
Something else (6)
Don't know / Not sure (9)

HH_Adult. Including yourself, how many adults (18 or older) live in your household? If you live alone, please enter "1".

HH_Child. How many children under the age of 18 live in your household, regardless of whether or not they are related to you? If no children live in your household, enter "0".

MaritalStatus. What is your marital status?

 \bigcirc Married (1)

- \bigcirc Living with partner (2)
- \bigcirc Widowed (3)
- \bigcirc Divorced (4)
- \bigcirc Separated (5)
- \bigcirc Single / Never married (6)
- \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Education. Which of the following categories best describes your educational level?

- \bigcirc Less than a high school diploma or GED (1)
- \bigcirc High school diploma or GED (2)
- \bigcirc Some college (3)
- O Two-year degree (Associate's) or technical degree (i.e., trade degree) (4)
- \bigcirc Four-year college graduate (5)
- \bigcirc Graduate work (6)
- \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (9)

Employment. Are you currently...

- \bigcirc Employed full-time for wages (1)
- \bigcirc Employed part-time for wages (2)
- \bigcirc Self-employed (3)
- \bigcirc Out of work and looking for work (4)
- \bigcirc Out of work, but not currently looking for work (5)
- \bigcirc A homemaker (6)
- \bigcirc A student (7)
- O Military (8)
- \bigcirc Retired (9)
- \bigcirc Disabled or unable to work (10)
- \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (99)

Income. What is your total annual household income, before taxes?

- O Under \$10,000 (0)
- \$10,000 to \$19,999 (1)
- \$20,000 to \$29,999 (2)
- \$30,000 to \$39,999 (3)
- \$40,000 to \$49,999 (4)
- \$50,000 to \$59,999 (5)
- \$60,000 to \$69,999 (6)
- \bigcirc \$70,000 to \$79,999 (7)
- \$80,000 to \$89,999 (8)
- \$90,000 to \$99,999 (9)
- \$100,000 to \$109,999 (10)
- \$110,000 to \$119,999 (11)
- \$120,000 to \$129,999 (12)
- \$130,000 to \$139,999 (13)
- \$140,000 to \$149,999 (14)
- \bigcirc \$150,000 or more (15)
- \bigcirc Don't know / Not sure (99)

End. Thank you for your participation! Please click ">>" to submit your survey.